## **ARK-1** [Paper - 1]

#### PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY

Name of The Post Inspector of Motor Vehicle, Ports and Transport

**Department Class-2** 

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## Instructions / સૂયના

# Candidate must ensure compliance to the instructions mentioned below, else objections shall not be considered: -

- (1) All the suggestion should be submitted in prescribed format of suggestion sheet Physically.
- (2) Question wise suggestion to be submitted in the prescribed format (Suggestion Sheet) published on the website.
- (3) All suggestions are to be submitted with reference to the Master Question Paper with provisional answer key (Master Question Paper), published herewith on the website. Objections should be sent referring to the Question, Question No. & options of the Master Question Paper.
- (4) Suggestions regarding question nos. and options other than provisional answer key (Master Question Paper) shall not be considered.
- (5) Objections and answers suggested by the candidate should be in compliance with the responses given by him in his answer sheet. Objections shall not be considered, in case, if responses given in the answer sheet /response sheet and submitted suggestions are differed.
- (6) Objection for each question shall be made on separate sheet. Objection for more than one question in single sheet shall not be considered & treated as cancelled.

### ઉમેદવારે નીયેની સૂયનાઓનું પાલન કરવાની તકેદારી રાખવી, અન્યથા વાંધા-સૂયન અંગે કરેલ રજૂઆતો ધ્યાને લેવાશે નહીં

- (1) ઉમેદવારે વાંધા-સૂચનો નિયત કરવામાં આવેલ વાંધા-સૂચન પત્રકથી રજૂ કરવાના રહેશે.
- (2) ઉમેદવારે પ્રશ્નપ્રમાણે વાંધા-સૂચનો રજૂ કરવા વેબસાઈટ પર પ્રસિધ્ધ થયેલ નિયત વાંધા-સૂચન પત્રકના નમૂનાનો જ ઉપયોગ કરવો.
- (3) ઉમેદવારે પોતાને પરીક્ષામાં મળેલ પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકામાં છપાયેલ પ્રશ્નક્રમાંક મુજબ વાંધા-સૂયનો રજૂ ન કરતા તમામ વાંધા-સૂયનો વેબસાઈટ પર પ્રસિધ્ધ થયેલ પ્રોવિઝનલ આન્સર કી (માસ્ટર પ્રશ્નપત્ર)ના પ્રશ્ન ક્રમાંક મુજબ અને તે સંદર્ભમાં રજૂ કરવા.
- (4) માસ્ટર પ્રશ્નપત્ર માં નિર્દિષ્ટ પ્રશ્ન અને વિકલ્પ સિવાયના વાંધા-સૂચન ધ્યાને લેવામાં આવશે નહીં.
- (5) ઉમેદવારે જે પ્રશ્નના વિકલ્પ પર વાંધો રજૂ કરેલ છે અને વિકલ્પ રૂપે જે જવાબ સૂયવેલ છે એ જવાબ ઉમેદવારે પોતાની ઉત્તરવહીમાં આપેલ હોવો જોઈએ. ઉમેદવારે સૂયવેલ જવાબ અને ઉત્તરવહીનો જવાબ ભિન્ન હશે તો ઉમેદવારે રજૂ કરેલ વાંધા-સૂયન ધ્યાનમાં લેવાશે નહીં.
- (6) એક પ્રશ્ન માટે એક જ વાંધા-સૂયન પત્રક વાપરવું. એક જ વાંધા-સૂયન પત્રકમાં એકથી વધારે પ્રશ્નોની રજૂઆત કરેલ હશે તો તે અંગેના વાંધા-સૂયનો ધ્યાને લેવાશે નહીં.

M		
001.	The modulus of rigidity in terms of the modulus	s of elasticity (E) and Poisson's ratio ( $\theta$ ) is given by
	$(A) \frac{E}{2(1-\vartheta)}$	$\frac{E}{2(1+\vartheta)}$
	$(C)\frac{2E}{(1-\vartheta)}$	$(D) \frac{2E}{(1+9)}$
002.	Under uniaxial loading, the maximum shear str	ress is times the uniaxial stress
	(A) three	(B) two
	(C) one & half	(D) half
003.	For a metal bar of cross section area (A), Lengt stored under the action of tensile load (P) will be	th $(L)$ and Young's modulus $(E)$ , the strain energy be
	$(A)\frac{PL}{AE}$	(B) $\frac{PL^2}{2AE}$
	(C) $\frac{P^2L}{AE}$	$\frac{P^2L}{2AE}$
004.	Maximum bending moment in a cantilever bea load of intensity w is	m of length $oldsymbol{L}$ and carrying uniformly distributed
	$(A)\frac{wL^2}{4}$	(B) $\frac{wL^2}{8}$
	$(C)\frac{wL^2}{2}$	(D) $\frac{wL^3}{4}$
005.	The point of contraflexure lies where	
	(A) shear force changes sign	(B) bending moment changes sign
	(C) shear force is zero	(D) bending moment is maximum
006.	The bending stress in a beam is less if its section	n modulus is
	(A) high	(B) low
	(C) zero	(D) none of the options
007.	The maximum deflection of a simply supported of inertia $I$ , carrying a central point load $W$ is	beam of length $L$ , Young's modulus $E$ and moment
	$(A) \frac{WL^3}{4EL}$	(B) $\frac{WL^3}{9EL}$

$$(A) \frac{WL^3}{4EI}$$

(B) 
$$\frac{WL^3}{8EI}$$

(C) 
$$\frac{WL^3}{24EI}$$

$$\boxed{\mathbf{D}} \frac{WL^3}{48EI}$$

008. A flywheel of suitable dimensions attached to crankshaft makes the moment of inertia of rotating parts quite \_\_\_\_\_ and acts as reservoir of energy by

When the torque required by the machine is more than the torque supplied by the motor, the flywheel is			
(A) retarded	(B) accelerated		
(C) rotating with constant speed	(D) none of the options		
The distribution of torsional shear stresses of	over cross section of shaft is		
(A) maximum at outermost fiber and zero at the axis of rotation			
(B) maximum at the axis of rotation and zero at outermost fiber			
(C) constant over the cross section			
(D) all of the options			
The principal stresses in pure torsion are	The principal stresses in pure torsion are		
(A) zero			
(B) equal magnitude in tension and compression			
(C) only tension			
(D) only compression			
In simply supported beams, the slope is	at supports.		
(A) Minimum	(B) Uniform		
(C) Zero	(D) Maximum		
Wahl factor used in helical spring design takes into consideration effect of			
(A) direct shear stress			
(B) stress concentration due to curvature			
(C) direct shear stress as well as stress concentration due to curvature			
(D) none of the options			
Scotch Yoke mechanism is an inversion of			
(A) Single slider crank chain	(B) Double slider crank chain		
(C) Four bar chain	(D) None of the above		
The centrifugal tension in belt drives is			
(A) independent of the velocity of the belt over the pulley			
(B) independent of the tight and slack side tensions			
(C) dependent of the tight and slack side tensions			
(D) none of the options			
	flywheel is  (A) retarded (C) rotating with constant speed  The distribution of torsional shear stresses of the distribution of torsional shear stresses of the distribution and zero at the distribution and zero at the distribution and zero at the constant over the cross section (D) all of the options  The principal stresses in pure torsion are		

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016.	For maximum power transmission, centrifugal maximum allowable belt tension and the belt sh	tension in the belt must be equal to of the ould be on the point of slipping	
	(A) twice	(B) half	
	(C) one-third	(D) none of the above	
017.	In a radial cam, the follower moves in a direction	on	
	(A) parallel to the cam axis	(B) perpendicular to the cam axis	
	(C) along the cam axis	(D) none of the options	
018.	The path described by the trace point is known	as the	
	(A) Pitch curve	(B) Pitch circle	
	(C) Prime circle	(D) Prime curve	
019.	In case of rotating masses, the magnitude of the shaft is doubled	balancing mass is when the speed of the	
	(A) doubled	(B) halved	
	(C) unaffected	(D) quadrupled	
020.	For complete dynamic balance, at least	balancing mass/masses are necessary.	
	(A) one	(B) two	
	(C) three	(D) four	
021.	The magnitude of the gyroscopic couple applied angular velocity (ω) and having an angular velo	to a disc of moment of inertia $I$ , spinning with an city of precession $(\omega_p)$ is	
	(A) $I^2 \times \omega \times \omega_p$	<b>(B)</b> $I \times \omega^2 \times \omega_{P_2}$	
	(C) $I \times \omega \times \omega_p$	$\mathbf{(D)}I\times \boldsymbol{\omega}\times 2\boldsymbol{\omega}_{p}$	
022.	The axis of spin, the axis of precession and the a	axis of gyroscopic torque are in	
	(A) Two parallel planes		
	(B) Two perpendicular planes		
	(C) Three perpendicular planes		
	(D) Three parallel planes		
023.	In a spring-mass system, if the mass is halved frequency is	and the spring stiffness is doubled, the natural	
	(A) halved	(B) doubled	

(D) quadrupled

(C) unchanged

024.	24. The ratio of the amplitude of the steady-state response of forced vibrations to the static d under the action of a static force is known as		
	(A) Damping ratio		
	(B) Damping factor		
	(C) Transmissibility		
	(D) Magnification factor		
025.	At resonance, the amplitude of vibration is		
	(A) very large	(B) small	
	(C) zero	(D) none of the above	
026.	The maximum stress in thick cylinder is		
	(A) radial stress		
	(B) hoop stress		
	(C) longitudinal stress		
	(D) none of the above		
027.	A work piece having a large hole in it like a pipe can be held on lathe machine using from inside		
	(A) mandrels	(B) chuck	
	(C) rests	(D) none of the above	
028.	In lathe operations, the distance that the tool called?	advances for each revolution of the work piece is	
	(A) Cutting speed		
	(B) Depth of cut		
	(C) Feed		
	(D) Material removal rate		
029.	Which of the following is the driving end of the twist drill?		
	(A) Land	(B) Flute	
	(C) Shank	(D) All of the above	
030.	Clapper box is provided in shaper machines		
	(A) to make cutting sound		
	(B) to lift the tool during return stroke		
	(C) to lift the tool during cutting stroke		
	(D) none of the above		

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031.	The process of shaping a flat or a hollow blank into a three-dimensional hollow component without any appreciable change in sheet thickness is called		
	(A) Drawing		
	(B) Coining		
	(C) Blanking		
	(D) None of the above		
032.	Which of the following pattern is us	sed to produce a large number of castings?	
	(A) Loose piece pattern	(B) Split pattern	
	(C) Gated pattern	(D) Match plate pattern	
033.	The tapper provided to the pattern for its removal is known as		
	(A) Shaking allowance	(B) Distortion allowance	
	(C) Machining allowance	(D) Draft allowance	
034.	Which of the following metal forming processes performs squeezing out of material through a hole?		
	(A) Beading	(B) Extrusion	
	(C) Rolling	(D) All of the above	
035.	Which of the following manufacturing processes is mainly considered for producing the components of very high strength such as connecting rods of engines?		
	(A) Sheet metal work	(B) Extrusion	
	(C) Casting	(D) Forging	
036.	In gas welding, carburizing flame is obtained when		
	(A) acetylene is in excess	(B) oxygen is in excess	
	(C) methane is in excess	(D) all of the above	
037.	In forehand welding		
	(A) the torch points in the direction	opposite to that in which welding is being done	

(B) welding is done by right hand

038.	. Which of the following is indirect measuring instrument?	
	(A) Vernier calliper	
	(B) Micrometer	
	(C) Protractors for measuring angles	
	(D) None of the above	
039. The permissible deviation of a dimension from the desired size is known as		the desired size is known as
	(A) precision	(B) tolerance
	(C) fit	(D) none of the above
040.	Cutting tool life is affected by	
	(A) depth of cut	
	(B) cutting speed	
	(C) feed	
	(D) all of the above	
041.	Which of the following operation is carried of accurate?	out to make the drilled hole dimensionally more
	(A) Reaming	(B) Tapping
	(C) Centering	(D) Countersinking
042.	042. Which of the following material can be a choice for flat belts used in belt drives?	
	(A) Lather	(B) Fabric
	(C) Rubber	(D) All of the above
043.	To adjust for the change in length of the propel	ler shaft joint is provided
	(A) universal	(B) slip
	(C) cotter	(D) all of the above
044.	As per the uniform wear theory used to obtain pressure is	n torque transmitting capacity of friction clutch,
	(A) coefficient of friction	
	(B) axial pressure/Load	
	(C) mean effective radius of contact surfaces	
	(D) all of the above	

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045.	As per the uniform wear theory used to obtain torque transmitting capacity of friction clutch, pressure is			
	(A) minimum at the outer periphery			
	(B) minimum at the inner radius			
	(C) constant			
	(D) none of the above			
046.	For the friction cone clutches tore	For the friction cone clutches torque transmission capacity is to semi cone angle		
	(A) not related			
	(B) directly proportional			
	(C) inversely proportional			
	(D) none of the above			
047.	In order to avoid the breakage of spur gear tooth due to bending, the beam strength should be than the effective force between the meshing teeth.			
	(A) more	(B) less		
	(C) varying	(D) none of the above		
048.	For two parallel helical gears in mesh, hand of the helix should be			
	(A) same	(B) opposite		
	(C) less	(D) all of the above		
049.	When two identical bevel gears are mounted on shafts, which are intersecting at right angles, they are called gears			
	(A) internal bevel	(B) hypoid		
	(C) herringbone	(D) miter		
050.	The distance measured from a point on one thread to the corresponding point on the adjacent thread, measured along the axis of the worm is called			
	(A) axial pitch	(B) lead		
	(C) helical angle	(D) pitch angle		
051.	While braking a vehicle if unity coefficient of friction is achieved between the road and tyre then			
	(A) brakes are said to be efficient less than 100%			
	(B) brakes are said to be efficient	more than 100%		
	C) brakes are said to be 100% efficient			
	(D) none of the above			

052.	For forward moving vehicles with internal expanding drum brakes when the brakes are applied,			
	the net force exerted on the leading shoe becomes shoe.	omes	the net force exerted on the trailing	
	(A) less than	B) more than		
	(C) equal to	(D) none of	the above	
053.	If by turning of stub axles, it is possible to turn	the steering	wheel, then steering gear is said to be	
	(A) reversible			
	(B) irreversible			
	(C) locking			
	(D) all of the above			
054.	Ackermann steering mechanism gives only	position	ns for correct steering.	
	(A) three	(B) four		
	(C) infinite	(D) none of	the above	
055.	Wheel alignment refers to the positioning of the vehicle	he front whee	els and steering mechanism that gives	
	(A) directional stability			
	(B) promotes ease of steering			
	(C) reduces tyre wear to a minimum			
	(D) all of the above			
056.	The tilting out of the front wheels from the vertical, when viewed from the front of the vehicle is called			
	(A) negative camber			
	(B) negative caster			
	(C) positive camber			
	(D) positive caster			
057.	When the vehicle will try to move away from its normal direction of motion and therefore to keep it on the right path, little more steering is required than theoretically needed. This condition is called			
	(A) oversteer	(B) underst	teer	
	(C) pitching	(D) rolling		

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058.	058. For the leaf springs used in suspension, flexible connection at one end is provided by		
	(A) shackle	(B) clamp plate	
	(C) U-bolt	(D) straps	
059.	Which of the following is/are type/s of independ	lent suspension?	
	(A) Wishbone arm system		
	(B) Trailing link system		
	(C) Sliding pillar system		
	(D) All of the above		
060.	60. Which of the following laws is applicable for the behavior of a perfect gas?		
	(A) Gay-Lussac's Law		
	(B) Kirchhoff's Laws		
	(C) Coulomb's Law		
	(D) Hooke's Law		
061.	The unit of pressure in SI unit is		
	(A) Kg per square centimeter		
	(B) Millimeter of water column		
	(C) Pascal		
	(D) Dynes per square centimeter		
062.	A closed system is one in which		
	(A) Mass does not cross boundaries of the syste	m, though energy may do so	
	(B) Energy does not cross boundaries of the system, though mass may do so		
	(C) Neither mass nor energy crosses the boundaries of the system		
	(D) Both energy and mass cross the boundaries	of the system	
063.	Specific heat ratio of air at 300K is equal to		
	(A) 1.005	(B) 1.4	
	(C) 1	(D) 0.718	
064.	Which of the following quantities is not the pro-	perty of the system?	
	(A) Pressure	(B) Temperature	
	(C) Specific volume	(D) Heat	

065.	In an isothermal process, the internal energy	
	(A) Increases	(B) Decreases
	(C) Remains constant	(D) None of the above
066.	According to first law of thermodynamics	
	(A) Mass and energy are mutually convertible	
	(B) Mass and heat are mutually convertible	
	(C) Heat and work are mutually convertible	
	(D) Mass and light are mutually convertible	
067.	In a Carnot cycle, heat is transferred at	
	(A) Constant pressure	
	(B) Constant volume	
	(C) Constant temperature	
	(D) Constant enthalpy	
068.	Thermal power plant works on	
	(A) Carnot cycle	(B) Joule cycle
	(C) Rankine cycle	(D) Otto cycle
069.	Otto cycle consists of following four processes	
	(A) Two isothermals and two isentropics	
	(B) Two isentropics and two constant volumes	
	(C) Two isentropics, one constant volume and o	ne constant pressure
	(D) Two isentropics and two constant pressures	
070.	Brayton cycle consists of following four process	es
	(A) Two isothermals and two isentropics	
	(B) Two isentropics and two constant volumes	
	(C) Two isentropics, one constant volume and o	ne constant pressure
	(D) Two isentropics and two constant pressures	
071.	Thermal conductivity of iron with rise in tempe	rature normally
	(A) Increases	
	(B) Decreases	
	(C) Remains constant	
	(D) None of the above	

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072.	Which of the following has maximum value of	thermal conductivity?	
	(A) Copper	(B) Wood	
	(C) Glass	(D) Ice	
073.	of a material can be viewed as the ration heat stored per unit volume	o of the heat conducted through the material to the	
	(A) Thermal conductivity		
	(B) Thermal diffusivity		
	(C) Convection heat transfer coefficient		
	(D) Overall heat transfer coefficient		
074.	In solids, is due to the combination of energy transport by free electrons.	of vibrations of the molecules in a lattice and the	
	(A) Convection		
	(B) Radiation		
	(C) Conduction		
	(D) None of the above		
075.	is a heat transfer phenomenon in which means such as a fan or pump	n fluid is forced to flow over the surface by external	
	(A) Conduction		
	(B) Radiation		
	(C) Natural convection		
	(D) Forced convection		
076.	Emissivity of a blackbody is		
	(A) equal to one		
	(B) equal to zero		
	(C) less than one		
	(D) none of the above		
077.	Fraction of the radiation energy incident on a	surface that is absorbed by the surface is called	
	(A) emissivity		
	(B) diffusivity		
	(C) absorptivity		
	(D) transmissivity		

078.	When a substance is heated and the temperature rises as the heat is added, the increase in heat is called		
	(A) sensible heat		
	(B) latent heat		
	(C) specific heat		
	(D) none of the above		
079.	According to, the absolute pressure of a given mass of a perfect gas varies inversely as its volume, when the temperature remains constant		
	(A) Gay Lussac Law	(B) Charle's Law	
	(C) Boyle's Law	(D) Coulomb's Law	
080.	In vapour compression system the state of re	efrigerant, after compression process is	
	(A) high pressure, high temperature vapour		
	(B) high pressure, low temperature vapour		
	(C) high pressure, high temperature liquid		
	(D) high pressure, low temperature liquid		
081.	In SI unit, one ton of refrigeration is equal to	0	
	(A) 210 J/min	(B) 21 kJ/min	
	(C) 21 J/min	<b>(D)</b> 210 kJ/min	
082.	In refrigeration system, throttle valve is a		
	(A) Expansion device		
	(B) Compression device		
	(C) Condensation device		
	(D) Evaporation device		
083.	The refrigerant, commonly used in vapour absorption system, is		
	(A) Nitrogen	(B) Air	
	(C) Freon	(D) Aqua-ammonia	
084.	An Electrolux refrigerator is a		
	(A) vapour compression refrigerator		
	(B) vapour absorption refrigerator with a liquid pump		
	(C) vapour absorption refrigerator without any pump		
	(D) none of the above		

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085.	Which of the following	g refrigerant has t	he lowest freezing point?		
	(A) R-11		(B) R-12		
	(C) R-22		(D) Ammonia		
086.	In summer air-condition	oning, the air is			
	(A) cooled and humidi	fied			
	(B) cooled and dehumi	dified			
	(C) heated and humidi	ified			
	(D) heated and dehum	idified			
087.	On a psychrometric ch	art, sensible cool	ing is represented by		
	(A) horizontal line				
	(B) inclined line				
	(C) vertical line				
	(D) none of the above				
088.	The temperature of air in it, is called	recorded by a the	ermometer, when it is not a	affected by the moisture present	
	(A) wet bulb temperature				
	(B) dry bulb temperature				
	(C) dew point tempera	ture			
	(D) none of the above				
089.	The power produced in	nside the cylinder	of an IC engine is known	as	
	(A) break power				
	(B) indicated power				
	(C) frictional power				
	(D) none of the above				
090.	_	_	ession, expansion and exha f revolutions of the cranks	ust in a four-stroke cycle engine haft	
	(A) one	(B) two	(C) three	(D) four	
091.	In petrol engine suctio	n consists of			
	(A) air only				
	(B) a mixture of air an	d fuel			
	(C) fuel only				
	(D) none of the above				

The process of supplying the intake air to the engine cylinder at a density greater than the density of the surrounding atmosphere is known as	
(A) supercharging	(B) scavenging
(C) polymerisation	(D) detonation
For CI engine fuels most preferred are	
(A) naphthenes	(B) paraffins
(C) olefins	(D) aromatics
Octane number of iso-octane is	
(A) 0	(B) 30
(C) 60	(D) 100
Anti-knock characteristics of alcohol when co	mpared to gasoline is
(A) higher	
(B) lower	
(C) equal	
(D) none of the above	
Major constituent of natural gas is	
(A) ethane	(B) methane
(C) propane	(D) butane
Small amount of gasoline is often added to alc	ohol fuel to
	onor ruci to
(A) reduce the emission	onor ruer to
<ul><li>(A) reduce the emission</li><li>(B) increase the power output</li></ul>	
(B) increase the power output	
<ul><li>(B) increase the power output</li><li>(C) increase the efficiency</li></ul>	
<ul><li>(B) increase the power output</li><li>(C) increase the efficiency</li><li>(D) improve cold weather starting</li></ul>	(B) hot
<ul><li>(B) increase the power output</li><li>(C) increase the efficiency</li><li>(D) improve cold weather starting</li><li>The choke is closed when the engine is</li></ul>	
(B) increase the power output (C) increase the efficiency (D) improve cold weather starting  The choke is closed when the engine is (A) accelerating	(B) hot
<ul> <li>(B) increase the power output</li> <li>(C) increase the efficiency</li> <li>(D) improve cold weather starting</li> <li>The choke is closed when the engine is</li> <li>(A) accelerating</li> <li>(C) cold</li> </ul>	(B) hot
	For CI engine fuels most preferred are  (A) naphthenes (C) olefins  Octane number of iso-octane is (A) 0 (C) 60  Anti-knock characteristics of alcohol when code (A) higher (B) lower (C) equal (D) none of the above  Major constituent of natural gas is (A) ethane (C) propane

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100.	Fuel is injected in a four-stroke CI engine			
	(A) at the end of suction stroke			
	(B) at the end of expansion stroke			
	(C) at the end of compression stroke			
	(D) at the end of exhaust stroke			
101.	In compression-ignition engines, the auto ignition of the charge causing knocking is			
	(A) at the start of combustion			
	(B) at the end of combustion			
	(C) during combustion			
	(D) none of the above			
102.	Increasing the compression ratio in SI eng	gines the knocking tendency		
	(A) decreases			
	(B) increases			
	(C) not affected			
	(D) none of the above			
103.	In a BCC Unit cell, one atom is in contact with the following number of identical atoms			
	(A) ten	(B) eight		
	(C) twelve	(D) none of the above		
104.	In crystal structure, vacancies are	_ defect.		
	(A) planer	(B) line		
	(C) point	(D) volume		
105.	Which of the following is not ductile?			
	(A) Aluminum	(B) Copper		
	(C) Polyethylene	(D) Glass		
106.	Cup and cone fracture is observed in the f	racture of		
	(A) brittle materials			
	(B) ductile materials			
	(C) advanced ceramic materials			
	(D) none of the above			

107.	The amount of energy a material can absorb b	efore fracture is called	
	(A) ultimate tensile strength		
	(B) yield strength		
	(C) stiffness		
	(D) toughness		
108.	The failure that happens due to cyclic loading	is called	
	(A) static failure	(B) shear failure	
	(C) creep failure	(D) fatigue failure	
109.	Lever rule is used to compute		
	(A) weight percentages of the phases in any tw	vo phase region of a binary phase diagram	
	(B) volume percentages of the phases in any to	wo phase region of binary phase diagram	
	(C) weight percentages of the two liquid phase	es in any binary phase diagram	
	(D) volume percentages of the two liquid phase	es in any binary phase diagram	
110.	Cooling curves are plots of which of the following (acquired during solidification of a metal)?		
	(A) Temperature versus time		
	(B) Pressure versus time		
	(C) Composition versus time		
	(D) Temperature versus composition		
111.	The interstitial solid solution of carbon in gam	ma iron is called	
	(A) cementite	(B) ferrite	
	(C) austenite	(D) pearlite	
112.	If plain carbon steel is rapidly cooled to the room temperature by quenching it in water, it structure is changed from		
	(A) austenite to pearlite		
	(B) austenite to martensite		
	(C) austenite to cementite		
	(D) austenite to ferrite		
113.	In nodular iron, graphite is in the form of		
	(A) Cementite	(B) Free carbon	
	(C) Flakes	(D) Spheroids	

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114. Weld decay is the phenomenon found with					
(A) Copper	(B) Stainless steel				
(C) Aluminum oxide	(D) Polyethylene				
115. Brass (alloy of copper and zinc) is an example	of				
(A) Substitutional solid solution					
(B) Interstitial solid solution					
(C) Intermetallic compounds					
(D) None of the above					
116. Which of the following is a thermosetting poly	Which of the following is a thermosetting polymer?				
(A) Polyethylene					
(B) Polystyrene	(B) Polystyrene				
(C) Poly Vinyl Chloride (PVC)					
(D) Phenolic resins					
117. Which of the following is a property of ceram	ics?				
(A) High ductility					
(B) Low melting point					
(C) Resistant to corrosion					
(D) Bad insulation					
118. Apart from hydrocarbons, the main pollutant	s in the engine exhaust are				
(A) CO and CO <sub>2</sub>	(B) CO <sub>2</sub> and NO <sub>x</sub>				
(C) CO and NO <sub>x</sub>	(D) CO <sub>2</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> O				
119. The catalyst used in the converter for oxidizin	ng HC and CO is				
(A) Copper	(B) Charcoal				
(C) Platinum	(D) None of the above				
120. Activity of a CAM process includes					
(A) numerical control programming					

- (B) finite element analysis
- (C) tolerancing
- (D) assembly modeling

121.	The CAD process and its tools utiliz	e following discipline/disciplines	
	(A) Geometric modeling		
	(B) Computer graphics		
	(C) Design		
	(D) All of the above		
122.	One of the major exhaust emissions	from CI engines compared to SI engine is	
	(A) oxides of nitrogen		
	(B) unburnt hydrocarbons		
	(C) particulates		
	(D) CO and CO <sub>2</sub>		
123.	When the axes of two shafts are par-	allel, use	
	(A) crossed helical gears		
	(B) bevel		
	(C) worm gears		
	(D) spur or helical gears		
124.	Which of the following gears are used in parallel shaft arrangement for noiseless operation?		
	(A) Spur gears	(B) Bevel gears	
	(C) Worm gears	(D) Helical gears	
125.	When two shafts of different material are joined in parallel concentrically, torque applied to the composite shaft is the of the torques on the two shafts.		
	(A) zero	(B) sum	
	(C) product	(D) uniform	
126.	Who has to be cautious at the zebra crossing?		
	(A) Vehicle drivers		
	(B) Pedestrians		
	(C) Both Vehicle drivers and Pedest	rians	
	(D) The authority who has marked t	the zebra crossing	
127.	At which place can overtaking be do	one?	
	(A) At cross-road junction		
	(B) On one-way road		
	(C) At a turn or at a corner		
	(D) On a narrow bridge		

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- 128. At which place a motorcycle cannot blow horn?
  - (A) Where there is a board of "No Horn"
  - (B) At a place where competent authority has declared a ban on blowing horn
  - (C) Near cross roads
  - (D) Both (A) and (B) are correct
- 129. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct?
  - (A) The driver would switch on the right side indicator to allow the vehicle following him to overtake
  - (B) Overtaking cannot be done on roads having "School Zone" or "Hospital Zone" road signs
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) Neither (A) nor (B)
- 130. Where is the 'U'-turn permitted?
  - (A) On busy road with continuous flow of traffic
  - (B) Across a continuous single or double solid line
  - (C) After giving way to pedestrian and cyclists
  - (D) On major road and highway
- 131. If a longitudinal yellow continuous line is drawn in the middle of a double lane road \_\_\_\_\_
  - (A) The said line cannot be crossed to overtake
  - (B) Said line can be crossed with caution
  - (C) Driver shall drive on or over said line
  - (D) If there are no vehicles on road said line can be crossed
- 132. Which type of minimum Insurance is compulsory for any vehicle?
  - (A) Comprehensive Insurance
  - (B) Third party property damage
  - (C) Third party
  - (D) Insurance covering only property damage
- 133. What are the educational notifications for driving transport vehicle?
  - (A) Standard 8th pass
  - (B) Standard 10th pass
  - (C) Standard 5th pass
  - (D) Educational qualifications not required

134.	The 'Double Stop Line' is used exclusively at ju	unctions controlled	
	(A) by 'GIVE WAY' signs		
	(B) without any signs		
	(C) by 'STOP' signs		
	(D) None of the above		
135.	The colours of registration number plate of tra	nsport vehicle is	
	(A) Yellow colour in white background		
	(B) Black colour on yellow background		
	(C) Yellow colour on black background		
	(D) Black colour on white background		
136.	The validity of driving school licence is	_•	
	(A) Three years	(B) Five years	
	(C) Seven years	(D) One year	
137.	Is it compulsory to wear (fasten) seat belt for driving school instructor while imparting car driving training?		
	(A) Yes		
	(B) No		
	(C) Exemption in city area for controlling the v	rehicle	
	(D) Only compulsory on highway training		
138.	For new transport vehicle validity of certificate	e of fitness is	
	(A) Three years	(B) Two years	
	(C) One year	(D) Fifteen years	
139.	What is called the Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW	7)?	
	(A) Only the weight falling on the front axle		
	(B) In the vehicle with three axles, the weight the last axle.	falling on both the first axle in the front as well as	
	(C) The total weight falling on all the axles of t	he vehicle	
	(D) The total weight falling on all the axles fitt	ed in the load body only	
140.	Which is reverse light colour in vehicle?		
	(A) Red	(B) White	
	(C) Orange	(D) Yellow	

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- 141. In which types of vehicle "spark arrester" is compulsory?
  - (A) In army vehicles
  - (B) In vehicles used for medical and rescue purpose
  - (C) Carrying goods of dangerous or hazardous to human life
  - (D) In all BS VI vehicles running with CNG and LPG
- 142. What is the fine of Central and State Governments in crime of helmet/seat belt according to the new Motor Vehicle Act respectively?
  - (A) Rs. 1,000 of Central and Rs. 500 of State government
  - (B) Rs. 500 of Central and Rs. 1,000 of State government
  - (C) Rs. 1,000 of Central and Rs. 1,000 of State government
  - (D) Rs. 500 of Central and Rs. 500 of State government
- 143. What is the respective fine for the first crime and second crime of racing and trial of speed without permission in the State of Gujarat?
  - (A) Rs. 1,000 for first crime and Rs. 5,000 for second crime
  - (B) Rs. 1,000 for first crime and Rs. 2,000 for second crime
  - (C) Rs. 500 for first crime and Rs. 5,000 for second crime
  - (D) Rs. 5,000 for first crime and Rs. 10,000 for second crime
- 144. What is the respective fine of Gujarat State for the vehicles with three wheels and other vehicles for not having fitness certificate according to the new Motor Vehicle Act?
  - (A) Rs. 1,000 for vehicles with three wheels and Rs. 2,000 for other vehicles
  - (B) Rs. 500 for vehicles with three wheels and Rs. 1,000 for other vehicles
  - (C) Rs. 5,000 for vehicles with three wheels and Rs. 10,000 for other vehicles
  - (D) Rs. 500 for vehicles with three wheels and Rs. 5,000 for other vehicles
- 145. What is the respective fine in Gujarat State for the first and second crime to the vehicles not having insurance of the vehicle according to the new Motor Vehicle Act?
  - (A) Rs. 1,000 for first crime and Rs. 5,000 for second crime
  - (B) Rs. 2,000 for first crime and Rs. 4,000 for second crime
  - (C) Rs. 5,000 for first crime and Rs. 10,000 for second crime
  - (D) Rs. 2,000 for first crime and Rs. 3,000 for second crime
- 146. Heavy goods vehicle means any goods carriage whose gross vehicle weight exceeds . .
  - (A) 10,000 kgs.

(B) 7,500 kgs.

(C) 15,000 kgs.

(D) 12,000 kgs.

147.	7. For which areas is the validity of the private vehicle	types registered in Gujarat State valid?		
	(A) For entire India			
	(B) Only for Gujarat State			
	(C) Only for Gujarat State and other State touching the border of Gujarat			
	(D) For all the States of India except the Union Terri	tories		
148.	B. Goods vehicle whose gross vehicle weight(MVA-66).	_ does not require goods vehicle permit		
	(A) does not exceed 3,500 kgs.			
	(B) does not exceed 7,500 kgs.			
	(C) does not exceed 3,000 kgs.			
	(D) is not required for any vehicle of LMV class			
149.	2. In general circumstance for how much maximum per State / Regional Transport Authority?	eriod the temporary permit can be issued by		
	(A) Not more than two months			
	(B) Not more than four months			
	(C) Not more than six months			
	(D) Not more than one month			
150.	. Vehicles with which defect sold in the market can be	recalled by the manufacturer?		
	(A) One which are harmful to environment and harm	(A) One which are harmful to environment and harmful to the driver and seated ones.		
	(B) One which are harmful to environment and producing very harmful noise.			
	(C) One which are harmful to environment and are not giving average fuel mileage as mentioned in the advertisement.			
	(D) One which are not running at the maximum spec	ed according to the advertisement.		
151.	. The maximum speed for LMV car $(M_1)$ type vehicle (road with median strip or dividers) is	on four lane and above divided carriageway		
	(A) 80 km/h	100 km/h		
	(C) $120 \text{ km/h}$ (D)	No maximum speed limit		
152.	Which of the following options is correct regarding the vehicle powered by battery and not coming within the definition of Motor Vehicle?			
	(A) 30 minute motor power is less than 0.25 KW and maximum speed is 25 km/hour			
	(B) 30 minute motor power is less than 1.00 KW and	maximum speed is 50 km/hour		
	(C) 30 minute motor power is less than 0.50 KW and maximum speed is 30 km/hour			
	(D) 30 minute motor power is less than 0.75 KW and maximum speed is 40 km/hour			

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153.	Validity of how many years would a person of more than 40 years of holding driving licence of transport category, get at the time of renewing the licence?					
	(A) Till the age of	f 50 years	(B) 3 years			
	(C) 5 years		(D) 10 years			
154.	The tourist perm completes		nvalid from the date on v	which vehicle covered by pe	rmit	
	(A) 5 years	(B) 8 years	(C) 9 years	(D) 10 years		
155.	While passing ne	_	tal the driver shall driv	e the vehicle at the speed	not	
	(A) 25 km/h					
	(B) 20 km/h					
	(C) 30 km/h					
	(D) No speed rest	riction drive with cautio	n only			
156.	What is full form of HSRP?					
	(A) High Safety Registration Plate					
	(B) High Sensor Registration Plate					
	(C) High Security Registration Plate					
	(D) High Security	y approved Registration	Plate			
157.	O	e Motor Vehicles Act, 199 vehicle of power not exce	,	aw' means a special purpose	e the	
	(A) 2,500	(B) 10,000	(C) 5,000	(D) 4,000		
158.	How many maxin	num number of conduct	or's licence can a person	hold in Gujarat State?		
	(A) Different for different vehicles.					
	(B) Not more than one.					
	(C) Can hold maximum two licence.					
	` '	lle serving in Gujarat State ement while serving in p	• •	oration (GSRTC) and accord	ding	
159.	How is the unifor	m of conductor of bus p	erforming duties in Guja	arat State?		
	(A) As prescribed	l by the Regional Transp	ort Office			

(B) As prescribed by Gujarat State Road Transport Corporation

160.	At which place should the name and address ovehicle registered in Gujarat?	f the owner should be displayed in the transport		
	(A) On both sides of the vehicle			
	(B) On the front and rear side of the vehicle			
	(C) Only on the rear part of the left side of the	vehicle		
	(D) Only on the rear part of the right side of the	e vehicle		
161.	How much baggage can a passenger carry pe Gujarat State?	r person in private service vehicles registered in		
	(A) As many as kilograms with prior intimation			
	(B) Maximum 15 kilograms			
	(C) Maximum 40 kilograms			
	(D) Maximum 25 kilograms			
162.	In every public service vehicle registered in Gu seating space of not less than for each p	ijarat State other than a motorcab there should a passenger.		
	(A) 381 square millimeters	(B) 400 square millimeters		
	(C) 325 square millimeters	(D) 425 square millimeters		
163.	Which type of vehicles in Gujarat having corcarriage?	stract carriage permit can also be used as stage		
	(A) Only buses of air conditioned seating and sl	eeper types		
	(B) All buses having contract carriage permit of	f respective States		
	(C) Motor Cab			
	(D) None of the above			
164.	According to Motor Vehicle rules of Gujarat S one-half and child up to which age shall not be	tate, child up to which age would be reckoned as reckoned?		
	(A) up to the age of 10 years as one-half and up	to the age of 4 years		
	(B) up to the age of 12 years as one-half and up	to the age of 5 years		
	(C) up to the age of 14 years as one-half and up	to the age of 4 years		
	(D) Those studying up to fifth standard in scho not be reckoned.	ol as one-half and those up to first standard shall		
165.	Vehicles of which types registered in Gujarat St	ate should have dustproof first aid box in it?		
	(A) In all passenger vehicles			
	(B) In vehicles transporting dangerous and haz	ardous goods		
	(C) In all commercial vehicles			
	(D) In all public service vehicles except motorca	ab and maxicab		

In the hill areas generally traffic signs shall be installed on
(A) both sides of the road
(B) the valley side of the road
(C) the opposite valley side of the road
(D) all of the above are correct
The indicative target of blending of ethanol in petrol and diesel according to the Nation Policy on Bio Fuels to be achieved by the year 2030 is
(A) 5% in Petrol and 20% in Bio diesel
(B) 10% in Petrol and 10% in Bio diesel
(C) 15% in Petrol and 8% in Bio diesel
(D) 20% in Petrol and 5% in Bio diesel
Adopting bio fuels as alternative energy can significantly
(A) Improve farmers income
(B) Reduce import and reduce pollution
(C) Generate employment opportunities
(D) All of the above are correct
S. D. Banga is holding the post of in the Supreme Court Committee on Road Safety.
(A) Chairman
(B) Secretary
(C) President
(D) None of the above
The State Road Safety Council would hold its meeting
(A) At least twice in a year
(B) At least once in a year
(C) At least every quarter
(D) At least every month
has given directions for Automatic Headlights ON (AHO) for two wheelers.
(A) State Road Safety Council
(B) Society of Indian Automobile Manufacturers (SIAM)
(C) Supreme Court Committee on Road Safety
(D) Automotive Research Association of India (ARAI)

172.	According to the Supreme Court Road Safety Committee, the corpus of 'Road Safety Fund' will be collected from
	(A) Traffic fines collection
	(B) State vehicles road tax
	(C) Special 'Road Safety Tax' on vehicles
	(D) Special fund for Road Safety from Central Government
173.	According to Section 3(3) of Gujarat Road Safety Authority Act, the Vice-Chairman of Authority is the Secretary to Government of Gujarat from
	(A) Home department
	(B) Transport department
	(C) Education department
	(D) Road and Building department
174.	According to State Road Safety Policy of Gujarat, the State would establish a state-level road safety information system, create 'database' to fit the requirements of
	(A) Home and Transport department
	(B) Health and family welfare department
	(C) Road and Building department
	(D) All of the above
175.	In which court and within how many days the decision of National Green Tribunal can be challenged?
	(A) In the Supreme Court, within 30 days
	(B) In the Supreme Court, within 90 days
	(C) In the High Court, within 60 days
	(D) In the Civil Court, within 120 days
176.	Which of the following is/are the qualifications to get appointed as the chairperson of the Tribunal?
	(A) Should be or should have been the Judge of Supreme Court of India
	(B) Should be or should have been the Chief Justice of a High Court
	C) Both (A) and (B)
	(D) Neither (A) nor (B)

	(D) All of the above	
	<ul><li>(B) Supreme Court Committee on vehicle manu</li><li>(C) Central Pollution Control Board</li></ul>	iacture
	(A) State Government	e ,
182.	Which authority can issue direction under Section 33 of the Gujarat Road Safety Authority Act regarding control (Restriction) of the purchase of second vehicle?	
	(C) Rs. 5,000	(D) Rs. 10,000
	(A) Rs. 500	(B) Rs. 1,000
181.	Fee of has to be paid while making an a Safety Authority Officer.	appeal against the order passed by Gujarat Road
	(D) Accountant General	
	(C) Joint Road Safety Commissioner	
	(B) Regional Enforcement Officer	
	(A) Chief Enforcement Officer	
180.	The accounts of the Road Safety Fund is maint supervision and control of the in Gujar	·
	(D) up to Rs. 5,00,000	
	(C) up to Rs. 1,00,000	
	(B) up to Rs. 25,000	
	(A) up to Rs. 500 per day	
179.	According to Section 15(5) of Gujarat Road Sacomply with the order of the Chief/Joint Road S	
	(D) The Deputy Enforcement Officer	
	(C) The Inspector General of Police (Traffic)	
	(B) The Transport Commissioner	
	(A) The Regional Transport Officer, Ahmedabad	1
178.	The member secretary of Executive Committee	for the Gujarat Road Safety Authority is
	(D) Automotive Indian Standards (AIS)	
	(C) Automotive Research Association of India (A	ARAI)
	(B) Supreme Court Committee on Road Safety	
	(A) State Road Safety Council	
177.	'Uniform Crash Test' for all category and model	ls of vehicles is directed by

183.	Under which of the following situations, according to Section 14(3) of the Gujarat Road Safety Authority, would the authorised officer can forfeit the vehicle which is seized and lying with authority in the name of State Government?		
	(A) If it is lying for more than one month		
	(B) If it is lying for more than two months		
	(C) If it is lying for more than one year		
	(D) If it is lying for more than two years		
184.	Colour of median marker reflective elements shall be		
	(A) Fluorescent White		
	(B) Fluorescent Yellow		
	(C) Fluorescent Black		
	(D) Fluorescent Blue		
185.	Colour of hazard marker is		
	(A) Alternating Black and Yellow stripes		
	(B) Alternating White and Black stripes		
	(C) Alternating White and Yellow stripes		
	(D) Alternating Red and White stripes		
186.	Before entering into a tunnel the driver shall switch on		
	(A) The parking lights		
	(B) The high beam head light		
	(C) The hazard light		
	(D) The dipped light (low beam) - head light		
187.	In the event wherein the ownership of any registered vehicle is transferred, the transferer shall		
	[Act 50(a)(i)] report the fact of transfer to registering authority in		
	(A) One week for same State		
	(B) 14 days for same State		
	(C) 30 days for same State		
	(D) 45 days for same State		

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188.	In the case of the Supreme Court ruled that the registered owner of the vehicle is liable for insurance purpose in the case of accident.		
	(A) Rajiv Raturi		
	(B) Prakashchand Daga		
	(C) Avishek Goenka		
	(D) Manindersingh Bitta		
189.	Golden hour means		
	(A) the first hour starting from the moment of traumatic injury.		
	(B) the time period in which first aid is given to	the injured person.	
	(C) the moment of the time period at the traumatic person dies.		
	(D) the time period in which the ambulance reaches to the injured person.		
190.	According to the judgment of the Supreme Court in the case of Shri Mukund Devangan the holder of the LMV type of licence		
	(A) can drive commercial vehicle of LMV type		
	(B) can only drive private vehicle of private type		
	(C) has to take a different licence to drive LMV series of passenger rickshaws.		
	(D) has to get a different licence to drive LMV type of tractor.		
191.	In the case of Manindersingh Bitta regardings. 10,000 on	ng HSRP, the Supreme Court inflicted fine of	
	(A) Andhra Pradesh	(B) Madhya Pradesh	
	(C) Gujarat	(D) Arunachal Pradesh	
192.	According to Rajiv Raturi Supreme Court ca transport vehicles are to be made fully accessib	se, % of the government owned public le for disabled persons.	
	(A) 25	(B) 15	
	<b>(C)</b> 10	(D) 5	
193.	According to the order of the Supreme Court, Black film of visual light transmission (VLT) can be applied on the wind screen of a vehicle.		
	(A) RTO approved film can be applied.		
	(B) Film having 50% light transmission can be	applied	
	(C) Use of black films of any percentage of VLT is prohibited		
	(D) Film having $70\%$ light transmission can be	applied	

194.	194. ESC (Electronic Stability Control) works in vehicle					
	(A) When vehicle gets overheated					
	(B) When all lighting system fail					
	(C) When vehicle driver gets distracted					
	(D) When there is a low of fraction in the vehicle					
195.	The main challe	The main challenge(s) of EVs (Electric Vehicle) is				
	(A) Charging time					
	(B) Driving rang	ge				
	(C) Capacity of	maximum load it can carry				
	(D) All of the ab	ove				
196.	As per NEMMP (National Electric Mobility Mission Plan) 2020, the vehicular emission is					
	(A) 2.3	(B) 1.3	(C) 4.3	(D) 3.3		
197.	The breach of which of the following traffic signs by the vehicle driver would amount to time?					
	(A) Warning signs					
	(B) Mandatory	signs				
	(C) Informatory signs					
	(D) Both (A) and (B) are correct					
198.	Parking means the bringing of a vehicle to a stationary position for any purpose other than dropping off or collecting person or goods, it includes					
	(A) Stopping for more than one minute					
	(B) Stopping for more than two minutes					
	(C) Stopping for more than three minutes					
	(D) None of the above					
199.	Third Global M	inisterial Conference on Ro	oad Safety was hosted	l by		
	(A) Geneva	(B) Stockholm	(C) Moscow	(D) Brazillia		
200.	The theme of Third Global Ministerial Conference on Road Safety was					
	(A) Achieving Global Goals 2025					
	(B) Achieving Global Goals 2023					
	(C) Achieving G	lobal Goals 2020				
	(D) Achieving G	lobal Goals 2030				